

## УНИВЕРЗИТЕТ У БАЊОЈ ЛУЦИ UNIVERSITY OF BANJA LUKA

## ПРИРОДНО-МАТЕМАТИЧКИ ФАКУЛТЕТ



FACULTY OF NATURAL SCIENCES AND MATHEMATICS

CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT FIRST CYCLE OF STUDY Chemistry/Chemistry Education

Course name	Basics of Computer Science				
Course code	Course status	Semester	Hours of instruction	ECTS	
1C16HOS1099	required	l	2+2	5	
Teacher(s)	Prof. Dragan Matić PhD				

	Prerequisite course(s)	Entry requrements				
	/	/				
	Course goals					
	The aim of this course is to introduce basic concepts of Computer Science and ICT: modern tools for data processing					
	computer networks, database management systems, information and multimedia systems.					
	Learning outcomes					
	Student will be able to					
	analysis the role of ICT in everyday life					
	• Independently accesses the Internet, searches for information and uses reliable Internet resources					
	<ul> <li>Analyzes the impact of hardware components on system performances.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Analyzes the way data is presented in digital notation.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Defining the role of system and application software.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Compares different computer networks according to architecture and principle of operation</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Uses a variety of external storage media and cloud services for data storage</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Uses file manipulation operations (copy, move, delete, rename)</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Uses programs for text editing and tabular data processing for creating documents related to variou</li> </ul>					
student activities						
	<ul> <li>Distinguishes types of graphic objects and different ways of representing colors on a computer</li> </ul>					
	• Explains the organization of HTML pages, includes various elements on the page and creates a simple					
	web presentation					
	Course content					
	Information technology. Definitions and contents. Information technology as a strategic resource.					
	Computer systems. Basic computer components. Hardware and Software					
	Models of computer systems. Von Neumann model of a computer system. Computer CPU.					
Memory. Classification, capacity, RAM, ROM, CD, DVD.						
	System software. Operating systems. Utilities.					
	Computer communications and networks. The role and tasks of computer networks. Computer network					
	architecture. Connectivity, LAN, WAN, Internet, TCP / IP, domains					
	Analog and digital recording. Digital presentation of text. Permutation of bits					
	Data presentation: simple and complex types. ASCII code					
Computer graphics. Classification of programs for working with graphics						
Vector representation of graphics. Raster representation of graphics						
	Resolution, pixels, colors. Basic image formats. Ways to present color images: RGB, CMY, CMYK					
Internet and e-business. Internet and its services. Internet search. Security of networked systems.						
	Basics of HTML language. Tables, graphics and video in html					
	CSS, role and uses.					
	ХЕМИ					



Dynamic website programming. JavaScript programming language							
Teaching methods							
Lectures, computational and laboratory exercises, team work, presentation, group presentation							
Books and other learning materials							
Brookshear, Glenn Glenn, and J. Glenn Brookshear: Computer science: an overview. Addison-Wesley Longman							
Publishing Co., Inc., 2002.							
Robert Sedgewick, Kevin Wayne: An Introduction to Computer Science, Princeton University							
Course activities and grading method							
Colloquia, Tests, writing exam. Oral exams, Seminar paper, Presentation, The results of these tests are included in the final grade only if they exceed 50% of the points for a given form of test during the semester.							
Activity	10	Tests	50				
		Final exam	40				
Additional course notes							
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Name of the teacher who prepared this form prof. Dragan Matić, PhD							

